## Victorian Certificate of Education

# ACCOUNTING <br> Written examination 

Thursday 27 May 2021
Reading time: 2.00 pm to 2.15 pm ( 15 minutes)
Writing time: 2.15 pm to 4.15 pm (2 hours)

## QUESTION BOOK

Structure of book

| Number of <br> questions | Number of questions <br> to be answered | Number of <br> marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 11 | 100 |

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners, rulers and one scientific calculator.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or correction fluid/tape.


## Materials supplied

- Question book of 9 pages
- Answer book of 20 pages


## Instructions

- Write your student number in the space provided on the front cover of the answer book.
- Answer all questions in the answer book.
- All written responses must be in English.

At the end of the examination

- You may keep this question book.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room.

## Question 1 (16 marks)

Seville Sports sells specialist sports cameras and accessories. The business reports monthly and uses the First In, First Out (FIFO) inventory cost assignment method. Its bestselling product is the GPlus Action (GPA) camera, which it purchases from Supa Optix and which it sells for $\$ 400$ (plus GST).
On 1 January 2021, there were 50 GPA cameras on hand for $\$ 210$ each (plus GST).
During January, the following transactions occurred:

- 12 January Purchased 40 GPA cameras at $\$ 194$ each (plus GST) (Invoice 1254) Delivery was $\$ 120$ (plus GST).
- 25 January Purchased 15 GPA cameras at $\$ 200$ each (plus GST) (Invoice 2875) Delivery was $\$ 260$ (plus GST) (Cheque 143). This delivery included a range of other cameras and accessories that were purchased.
- 28 January Returned three GPA cameras from the purchase on 25 January due to faulty lens covers (Credit Note 64)
a. Explain how the delivery costs on 12 January and 25 January should each be treated. 3 marks
b. Prepare the General Journal entry to record the transaction on 28 January.

A narration is not required.
2 marks

On 31 January 2021, a physical stocktake showed 20 GPA cameras on hand. No stock losses or gains were identified.
c. Calculate the total cost to be assigned to the 20 GPA cameras at 31 January.

1 mark

The owner decides to reduce the selling price of the GPA cameras on hand to $\$ 150$ each (plus GST) as a new model has been released. To encourage sales, a waterproof carry case, which sells for $\$ 15$ (plus GST), will be included with each GPA camera sold.
d. Calculate the net realisable value of the 20 GPA cameras on hand at 31 January 2021.
e. Explain how the 20 GPA cameras should be valued at 31 January 2021.
f. Prepare the General Journal entry arising from part d.

A narration is not required.
g. The owner is concerned about possible fraud and is reviewing internal control procedures relating to the payment of accounts. Currently, the bookkeeper receives invoices from suppliers, checks the discount terms and due date for payment, and prepares a cheque or makes an electronic funds transfer (EFT) payment on the appropriate day.

Analyse Seville Sports' current process and suggest two procedures that could be implemented to strengthen internal control over the payment of accounts.

Question 2 (8 marks)
Sporting Look sells high-fashion sports clothing. It operates in a highly competitive market and sells its products from a shopfront for cash and credit.
The manager always buys inventory in bulk and uses cash whenever possible. The business's motto is 'sell it soon and sell it cheap'. A mark-up of $30 \%$ on cost is applied to all inventory.
Inventory is purchased from a wide range of suppliers. At times, inventory has been purchased at local craft markets and, therefore, some products do not have appropriate official licensing and may not be branded. However, this unbranded inventory has proven to be quite popular with customers.
The layout of the store is disorganised, with inventory spread over many tables and racks, and handwritten price tags on each item.
Customers are given credit at the discretion of the manager, who believes he is a 'good judge of character'. Credit terms are 30 days and the Accounts Receivable Turnover is currently 48 days. Financial reports over the last three years show inconsistent sales, high levels of inventory on hand, inventory loss that is above the industry average and regular net losses.
The owner of the business has accepted this situation to date because they believe that things will turn around as the business becomes better known.
a. Outline one ethical issue relating to the inventory practices of the business.
b. Discuss strategies that Sporting Look could use to improve its inventory management.

## Question 3 (7 marks)

The following graph represents different values relating to a delivery van that a business purchased in 2014.

Delivery van

a. State what each line, A, B and C, on the graph represents.
b. The business is planning to purchase a new delivery van in 2021. It is deciding between Option 1, a petrol delivery van, and Option 2, an electric delivery van (hybrid). The business has secured a loan of up to $\$ 55000$ to purchase the delivery van. The business provides the following estimates for each option.

|  | Option 1 - Petrol <br> delivery van | Option 2 - Electric <br> delivery van |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Delivery van | $\$ 42000$ | $\$ 56000$ |
| Van fittings | $\$ 2000$ | $\$ 2000$ |
| Trade-in | $\$ 3000$ | $\$ 2000$ |
| Estimated residual value | $\$ 6000$ | $\$ 11000$ |
| Registration and insurance <br> (per year) | $\$ 2500$ | $\$ 2500$ |
| Fuel (per year) | $\$ 16000$ | $\$ 6000$ |
| Servicing (per year) | $\$ 3000$ | $\$ 7000$ |

The business plans to keep the new delivery van for three years before replacing it. It plans to use the delivery van consistently during this time and depreciate it using the straight-line method.

Complete the table provided and, using all the information, recommend which option the business should choose and justify your recommendation.

Question 4 (11 marks)
Bean Bazaar purchased a coffee machine on 1 February 2020 for $\$ 13200$ (including GST). The coffee machine will be depreciated at $25 \%$ per annum using the straight-line method for four years, after which it will be replaced. The residual value is expected to be zero. The business reports every 12 months at 30 June.
a. Calculate the depreciation expense at 30 June 2020.
b. Complete the Budgeted Balance Sheet extract as at 30 June 2021.
c. The owner unexpectedly decided to replace the coffee machine on 31 December 2020. It was sold for $\$ 4000$ cash. A new coffee machine was purchased on the same day for $\$ 15400$ (including GST). It was financed through a loan of $\$ 10000$ from BLD Bank on 1 December 2020 with the balance paid in cash.

Prepare the General Journal entries to record the following:

- depreciation expense as at 31 December 2020
- the disposal of the old coffee machine
- receipt of the loan and purchase of the new coffee machine

Narrations are not required.

Question 5 (4 marks)
Appliances Aplenty sells a wide range of household goods and reports on a monthly basis. $60 \%$ of sales are on extended credit terms over a 12-month period with no discount offered. There is a high risk of bad debts and the business makes an allowance for doubtful debts equal to $5 \%$ of net credit sales.
At 31 March 2021, relevant balances were as follows:

| Accounts Receivable | $\$ 770000$ | Dr |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Allowance for Doubtful Debts | $\$ 5000$ | Cr |

During April, the following occurred:
Credit sales (net) $\$ 90000$ (excluding GST)
Accounts receivable written off as bad \$6600
Cash collected from accounts receivable $\$ 70000$
a. Prepare the General Journal entry required to record the Allowance for Doubtful Debts at 30 April 2021.
A narration is not required.
b. Show how the Allowance for Doubtful Debts account would appear in the ledger after the adjustment has been made.

Question 6 (12 marks)
Turvel Traders reports monthly and uses a $100 \%$ mark-up on its inventory. The business is preparing budgeted reports for June 2021.
The Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2021 showed the following.

## Turvel Traders

Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2021

|  | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Current Assets |  | Current Liabilities |  |
| Bank | 8000 | Accounts Payable | 22000 |
| Accounts Receivable | 26400 | Accrued Wages | 400 |
| Inventory | 60000 | GST Clearing | 4000 |
| Prepaid Rent Expense | 1500 |  |  |
| Non-Current Assets |  | Owner's Equity |  |
| Equipment | 126000 | Capital | 165500 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | $(30000)$ |  |  |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 1 9 0 0}$ | Total Equities | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 1 9 0 0}$ |

## Additional information

- $60 \%$ of sales are on credit. Credit terms are $2 / 7, \mathrm{n} / 20$, with $50 \%$ of accounts receivable paying within the discount period and the rest paying in the month after sale.
Actual and budgeted sales figures (excluding GST)

May sales (actual)
$\$ 40000$
June sales (budgeted)
$\$ 50000$

- Purchases of inventory are on credit and paid in the month after purchase. Credit terms are $n / 30$. The inventory balance will remain constant.
- Rent is $\$ 1500$ (plus GST) per month and is paid three months in advance. The last payment was made on 1 March for April, May and June. The next payment will be made on 1 June.
- Other payments in June will be as follows:

| Wages | $\$ 4600$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drawings | $\$ 5000$ |
| Equipment | $\$ 5280$ (including GST) |

- Equipment is depreciated at $25 \%$ per annum using the reducing balance method. The new equipment will be purchased on 1 June.
- The next GST settlement will be made in July.
a. Calculate the estimated cash received in June from accounts receivable.
b. Prepare the operating section of the Budgeted Cash Flow Statement for the month ending 30 June 2021.
c. Prepare a Budgeted Income Statement for the month ending 30 June 2021.


## Question 7 (5 marks)

A business is reviewing its profitability. Details of the Net Profit Margin for the last three years showed the following.

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Profit Margin | $21 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $14 \%$ |

a. Describe the implications of the trend shown in the table above for the Net Profit Margin.
b. Identify one other relevant financial indicator and explain how it could be used to enhance this business's review of profitability.

## Question 8 (5 marks)

A business is concerned about its liquidity. Its Cash Flow Cover has decreased from eight times in the three-month period ended 31 December to three times in the three-month period ended 31 March.
The owner is informed that if the Inventory Turnover and the Accounts Receivable Turnover trend to a slower rate, then the Cash Flow Cover may decrease further. Average Current Liabilities are expected to remain constant.

Select one of these financial indicators, and explain how it may cause the Cash Flow Cover to decrease and what strategies may be used to improve the Cash Flow Cover.

Question 9 (3 marks)
On 30 January 2021, The Musician Shop received $\$ 800$ in advance to supply a custom-made guitar for a local musician. On 2 February, a basic model of the guitar was delivered to The Musician Shop for customisation. On 14 February, the customised guitar was ready and delivered to the customer. An invoice for the final payment of $\$ 520$ (plus GST) was sent on 28 February and payment was received on 10 March.

With reference to one accounting assumption, explain in which month the revenue should be recognised.

Question 10 (13 marks)
Wood234 sells custom-made dining tables. The tables are made to order and designed to suit each customer. Customers have to prepay in full for the tables when they place their orders.
The business reports monthly and uses a $100 \%$ mark-up.
A summary of the cash receipts and cash payments for April revealed the following.

## Cash receipts

| Date <br> 2021 | Item | \$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| April 1 | Unearned Sales | 99000 |

## Cash payments

| Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Item | $\$$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| April 1 | Prepaid Newspaper Advertising | 22000 |
|  | Inventory | 26400 |
| 15 | Cleaning Expense | 4400 |
| 30 | Wages | 30000 |

## Additional information

- There were no prepaid or accrued expenses as at 31 March 2021.
- All items in the summary above, other than wages, include GST.
- Tables are sold for $\$ 3000$ (plus GST) each. By 30 April 2021, 25 tables had been delivered to customers.
- Newspaper advertising is $\$ 1000$ (plus GST) per advertisement. At 30 April 2021, only 15 advertisements had been published.
- Cleaning expenses for the month are $\$ 5500$ (plus GST).
a. Record the balance day adjustments for 30 April 2021 in the General Journal provided.

Narrations are not required.
Wood234 has equipment valued at $\$ 32000$. Depreciation has not been recognised because the manager has said that 'all equipment is so well maintained that depreciation is not necessary'.
b. With reference to one qualitative characteristic, analyse the manager's statement.
c. Explain how Unearned Sales meets the definition of an accounting element.

Question 11 (16 marks)
On 31 March 2021, the owner of a business found the following source documents had not been recorded. The business reports monthly.

| 1 March 2021 | Cheque \#25 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| To: Busi Rent |  |  |
| For: Rent for the 12 months <br> commencing 1 March  <br> 2021  | $\$ 9600$ |  |
|  | GST: | $\$ 960$ |
|  |  | $\$ 10560$ |


|  |  | 15 March 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| To: Cre8 |  |  |
| For: Advertising for March | $\$ 1800$ |  |
|  | GST: | $\$ 180$ |
|  | Amount: | $\$ 1980$ |
|  |  | EFT 1347 |

## Additional information

- Revenue for March totalled \$44600.
- Expenses prior to the recording of the documents above totalled $\$ 19200$.
- On the last day of the month, the owner withdrew $\$ 7000$ worth of inventory. This had not been recorded.
a. Record the source documents and any necessary balance day adjustments in the General Ledger accounts provided, and close or balance the accounts in readiness for the next month. 9 marks
b. Complete the General Ledger accounts provided:
- Profit and Loss Summary
- Capital 4 marks
c. With reference to one accounting assumption, explain why it is necessary to close revenue and expense accounts at the end of the reporting period.


# ACCOUNTING <br> Written examination 

Thursday 27 May 2021
Reading time: 2.00 pm to 2.15 pm ( $\mathbf{1 5}$ minutes)
Writing time: 2.15 pm to 4.15 pm (2 hours)

## ANSWER BOOK

## Instructions

- A question book is provided with this answer book.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided in this book.
- Write your student number in the space provided above on this page.
- Refer to Instructions on the front cover of the question book.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room.

Question 1 (16 marks)
a.

| Explanation |
| :--- |
|  |
|  |
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b.

2 marks Seville Sports
General Journal

| Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Details | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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|  |  |  |  |
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c.

1 mark
Working space

Total cost to be assigned to the 20 GPA cameras at 31 January
d.

| Working space |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  | Net realisable value of the 20 GPA cameras | $\$$ |

e.

2 marks

| Explanation |
| :--- |
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f.

2 marks
Seville Sports
General Journal

| Date <br> 2021 | Details | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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## g.

4 marks
Analysis

## Question 2 (8 marks)

| Outline | 2 marks |
| :--- | :--- |
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|  |  |

b.

6 marks
Discussion

Question 3 (7 marks)
a.

A
B
C
b.

4 marks

## Working space

|  | Option 1 - Petrol delivery van | Option 2 - Electric delivery van |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Depreciation expense <br> (per year) |  |  |
| Total other van expenses <br> (per year) |  |  |


| Recommendation |
| :--- |
| Justification |
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Question 4 (11 marks)
a.

## Working space

b.

2 marks

## Bean Bazaar

Budgeted Balance Sheet (extract) as at 30 June 2021

| Non-Current Assets |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

c.

8 marks
Working space

Bean Bazaar
General Journal

| Date <br> 2020 | Details | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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Question 5 (4 marks)
a.

Appliances Aplenty
General Journal

| Date <br> 2021 | Details | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
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b.

2 marks
Allowance for Doubtful Debts

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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Question 6 (12 marks)
a.

## Working space

> Estimated cash received in June
b.

6 marks
Turvel Traders
Budgeted Cash Flow Statement (extract) for the month ending 30 June 2021

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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c.

4 marks
Turvel Traders
Budgeted Income Statement for the month ending 30 June 2021

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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## Question 7 (5 marks)

a.

| Description |
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b.

3 marks

| Financial indicator |
| :--- |
| Explanation |
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Question 8 (5 marks)

| Financial indicator |
| :--- | :--- |
| Explanation |
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Question 9 (3 marks)

| Accounting assumption |
| :--- |
| Explanation |
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Question 10 (13 marks)
a.

Wood234
General Journal

| Date <br> 2021 | Details | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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b.

4 marks

| Qualitative characteristic |
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| Analysis |
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c.

3 marks
Explanation

Question 11 (16 marks)
a.

9 marks
Bank

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Cross-reference | Amount |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| March 1 | Balance | 42890 | March 1 | Accounts Payable | 19500 |
| 3 | Sales/GST Clearing | 13200 |  | Inventory/GST Clearing | 8800 |
| 12 | Capital | 2000 |  |  |  |
| 30 | Accounts Receivable | 17500 |  |  |  |
|  | Loan-Bell Bank | 20000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Inventory

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Cross-reference | Amount |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 1 | Balance | 62000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Drawings

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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Prepaid Rent Expense

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Cross-reference | Amount |
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Advertising Expense

| Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Cross-reference | Amount |
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b.

4 marks
Profit and Loss Summary

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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Capital

| Date <br> 2021 | Cross-reference | Amount | Date <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | Cross-reference | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | March 1 | Balance | 46300 |
|  |  |  | 12 | Bank | 2000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |

c.

3 marks

| Accounting assumption |
| :--- |
| Explanation |
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